Atlas Of Acupuncture Points

Point Locations

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126 pages 6” X 9” paperback edition
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**Meridian Abbreviations**

There have been many abbreviations used to identify the acupuncture meridians, most are listed below. The bold abbreviations are the ones used in this text.

- **LU** = Lung meridian
- **LI, CO** = Large Intestine meridian
- **ST** = Stomach meridian
- **SP** = Spleen meridian
- **HT, HE** = Heart meridian
- **SI** = Small Intestine meridian
- **BL, UB** = Bladder meridian
- **KI** = Kidney meridian
- **P, PC, HC** = Pericardium, Heart Constrictor meridian
- **TW, TH, SJ** = Triple Warmer, Tri-Heater, Triple Burner, San Jiao meridian
- **GB** = Gallbladder meridian
- **LV, LI, LIV** = Liver meridian
- **CV, VC, Ren** = Conception Vessel meridian
- **GV, VG, Du** = Governing Vessel meridian

Some older text use LI for Liver and CO for Large Intestine.

**Cardinal Points**: Points specific for area or condition.

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**Tsun** or **cun** is the measurement of one “body inch” used to locate acupuncture points. Measurement is always taken from the patient’s hand. The width of the thumb is 1 cun, width of two fingers is 1.5 cun, four fingers is 3 cun. Proportional measurements: Mid-line of spine to medial border of scapula 3 cun. Lower end of sternum to umbilicus 8 cun. Umbilicus to upper border of symphysis pubis 8 cun.
Lung Meridian (LU)

Lung Meridian (LU) The Hand Greater Yin (Tai Yin) of the Lung has 11 points

The lung channel of the Hand Taiyin originates from the lateral aspect of the chest near the arm pit. It then travels along the anterior-medial aspect of the upper arm, passing the cubital region and arrives at the radial side of the wrist containing the radial artery for pulse palpation. Passing the thenar eminence, it travels along the radial border of the palm ending at the medial side of the tip of the thumb.
**Lung Meridian (LU)**

Lung Meridian (LU) The Hand Greater Yin (Tai Yin) of the Lung has 11 points

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<td>Luo</td>
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<tr>
<td>Xi-Cleft</td>
<td>LU6</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Source</td>
<td>LU9</td>
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</table>

**Cardinal Points**
- LU5  Respiratory System
- LU7  Neck
- LU9  Skin, Blood Vessels, Throat, Pulse
- LU11 Skin

**Point Locations:**

LU1 Zhongfu - 6 cun lateral to anterior midline level with the 1st intercostal space, 1 cun below LU2. Caution: needle oblique to avoid lungs.

LU2 Yunmen - 6 cun lateral to the anterior midline below the clavicle in the depression medial to the coracoid process. Caution: needle oblique to avoid lungs.

LU3 Tianfu - 3 cun inferior to the anterior axillary fold on radial side of biceps brachii muscle.

LU4 Xiabai - 4 cun inferior to the anterior axillary fold, 1 cun inferior to LU3 on radial side of biceps brachii muscle.

LU5 Chize - On the cubital crease, in the depression lateral to biceps brachii tendon.

LU6 Kongzui - 7 cun above the transverse crease of the wrist.

LU7 Lieque - 1.5 cun above the transverse crease of the wrist, superior to the styloid process of the radius.

LU8 Jingqu - 1 cun above the transverse crease of the wrist in the hollow on the lateral side of the radial artery.

LU9 Taiyuan - On transverse crease of the wrist on the lateral side of the radial artery.

LU10 Yuji - On the palmer side of the hand, at the midpoint of 1st metacarpal bone, at the junction of the red and white skin.

LU11 Shaoshang - 0.1 cun posterior to the nail on the radial side of the nail.
Large Intestine Meridian (LI)
Large Intestine (LI)
The Hand Bright Yang (Yang Ming) of the Large Intestine 20 points

The large intestine channel of the Hand-Yangming starts from the tip of the index finger. Running upward along the radical aspect of the index finger, it passes through the inter-space of the first and second metacarpal bones, and ascends along the lateral anterior aspect of the upper arm to the highest point of the shoulder. It then travels along the anterior border of the acromion, then descends to the supraclavicular fossa. From the supraclavicular fossa it travels upward to the neck and to the cheek, then it curves around the upper lip and exits at the corner of the mouth, where it crosses the opposite large intestine channel of the Hand-Yangming at the philtrum. It ends at the side of the nose, where is connects with the stomach channel of the Foot-Yangming.

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<th>Command Points</th>
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<td>LI7</td>
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<td>Source</td>
<td>LI4</td>
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<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Color  White</td>
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<td></td>
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<td></td>
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<td></td>
<td>Season Autumn</td>
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<td></td>
<td>Direction West</td>
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</tbody>
</table>

Cardinal Points
LI4 Mental Function, Sensory Organs, Hand, Face, Head and Ear.
LI11 Fever, Arm and Skin.

Point Locations:
LI1 Shangyang - 0.1 cun posterior to the corner of the nail on the radial side of the index finger.

LI2 Erjian - On the radial side of the index finger distal to the 2nd metacarpal-phalangeal joint in a depression at the junction of the red & white skin.

LI3 Sanjian - On the radial side of the index finger proximal to the head of the 2nd metacarpal bone.

LI4 Hegu - On the dorsum of the hand, between the 1st and 2nd metacarpal bones.

LI5 Yangxi - On the radial side of the wrist between the extensor pollicis longus & brevis tendons in a depression formed when the thumb is tilted upward (anatomical snuffbox)

LI6 Pianli - 3 cun above the transverse crease of the wrist (LI5) on the radial side of the forearm.

LI7 Wenliu - 5 cun above the transverse crease of the wrist (LI5) on the radial side of the forearm.

LI8 Xialian - 4 cun below LI11 on the radial side of the forearm on the line connecting LI5 and LI11

LI9 Shanglian - 3 cun below LI11 on the radial side of the forearm on the line connecting LI5 and LI11

LI10 Shousanli - 2 cun below LI11 on the radial side of the forearm on the line connecting LI5 and LI11

LI11 Quchi - With a bent elbow, the point lies in the depression at the lateral end of the transverse cubital crease, midway between LU5 and the lateral epicondyle of the humerus.

LI12 Zhouliiao - With the elbow flexed, on the radial side of the upper arm 1 cun above and lateral to LI11 on the lateral/posterior border of the humerus.

LI13 Shouwuli - 3 cun above LI11 on the line connecting LI11 and LI15 line. Avoid injuring artery when needling!
LI14 Binao - 4 cun above LI13 at the inferior border of the deltoid, on the line connecting LI11 and LI15.

LI15 Jianyu - Anterior and inferior to the acromion, on the upper portion of the deltoid muscle, in a depression formed when the arm is in full abduction.

LI16 Jugu - Slightly posterior to the shoulder, in the depression between the acromion process and the scapular spine.

LI17 Tianding - On the lateral side of the neck, 1 cun below LI18 on the posterior border of the SCM muscle.

LI18 Futu - On the lateral side of the neck, level with the tip of the Adam's Apple between the sternal head and the clavicular head of the SCM.

LI19 Kouheliao - Directly below the lateral margin of the nostril 0.5 cun lateral to GV26.

LI20 Yingxiang - In the nasolabial sulcus, level with the midpoint of the lateral border of the ala nasi.

**Stomach Meridian (ST)**

**The Foot Bright Yang (Yang Ming) of the Stomach 45 points**

The stomach channel of the Foot-Yangming starts directly below the pupil between the eyeball and the infraorbital ridge. Running downward along the lateral side of the nose, to the lateral corner of the mouth. Curving posterior to the anterior angle of the mandible. Then it travels to the posterior aspect of the mandible ascending in front of the ear and following the anterior hairline, it reaches the forehead. It then runs along the throat and enters the supraclavicular fossa. The straight line of the channels separates the supraclavicular fossa and runs downward along the middle mammillary line. It travels to the side of the umbilicus and descends to the inguinal groove. Running downward it travels along the anterior aspect of the thigh and reaches the knee. From there is continues further down along the anterior border of the lateral aspect of the tibia to the dorsum of the foot and reaches the lateral side of the tip of the second toe.

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<td>Wood ST43</td>
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<td>Xi-Cleft ST34</td>
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<td>Source ST42</td>
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<td>Season Autumn</td>
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**Cardinal Points**

ST36 Upper Abdomen, Parasympathetic Nervous System, Increase Energy, Master Energetical

ST38 Shoulder
Stomach Meridian (ST)
Stomach Meridian (ST)
Stomach Meridian (ST)
The Foot Bright Yang (Yang Ming) of the Stomach 45 points

Point Locations:

ST1 Chengqi - Directly below the pupil between the eyeball and the infraorbital ridge.

ST2 Sibai - Directly below the pupil in a depression at the infraorbital foramen.

ST3 Juliao - Directly below the pupil in a depression level with the lower border of the ala nasi.

ST4 Dicang - Directly below the pupil lateral to the corner of the mouth.

ST5 Daying - Anterior to the angle of the mandible on the anterior border of the masseter muscle in a groove like depression when the cheek is bulged.

ST6 Jiache - One finger width anterior and superior to the lower angle of the mandible, at the prominence of masseter muscle.

ST7 Xiaguang - Anterior to the ear, with mouth closed, in the depression at the lower border of the zygomatic arch, anterior to the condyloid process of the mandible.

ST8 Touwei - At the corner of the forehead, 0.5 cun within the hairline at the corner of the forehead, 4.5 cun lateral to the midline at GV24.

ST9 Renying - Level with the tip of the Adam’s Apple on the anterior border of the SCM. Avoid puncturing common carotid artery.

ST10 Shuitu - Midway between ST9 and ST11 at the anterior border of the SCM.

ST11 Qishe - At the superior border of the medial end of the clavicle between the sternal head and the clavicular head of the SCM.

ST12 Quepen - In the midpoint of the supraclavicular fossa 4 cun lateral to the midline.

ST13 Qihu - In the infraclavicular fossa, 4 cun lateral to the midline, below ST12.

ST14 Kufang - 4 cun lateral to the midline in the 1st intercostal space.

ST15 Wuyi - 4 cun lateral to the midline in the 2nd intercostal space.

ST16 Yingchuang - 4 cun lateral to the midline in the 3rd intercostal space.

ST17 Ruzhong - 4 cun lateral to the midline in the 4th intercostal space in the center of the nipple. Contraindicated to needle and moxabustion! Landmark Only! Do Not Treat!

ST18 Rugen - 4 cun lateral to the midline in the 5th intercostal space.

ST19 Burong - 2 cun lateral to the midline lateral to CV14, 6 cun above the umbilicus.

ST20 Chengman - 2 cun lateral to the midline lateral to CV13, 5 cun above the umbilicus.

ST21 Liangmen - 2 cun lateral to the midline lateral to CV12, 4 cun above the umbilicus.

ST22 Guanmen - 2 cun lateral to the midline lateral to CV11, 3 cun above the umbilicus.

ST23 Taiyi - 2 cun lateral to the midline lateral to CV10, 2 cun above the umbilicus.

ST24 Huaroumen - 2 cun lateral to the midline lateral to CV9, 1 cun above the umbilicus.
ST25 Tianshu - 2 cun lateral to the midline lateral to CV8 at the level of the umbilicus.

ST26 Wailing - 2 cun lateral to the midline lateral to CV7, 1 cun below the umbilicus.

ST27 Daju - 2 cun lateral to the midline lateral to CV5, 2 cun below the umbilicus.

ST28 Shuidao - 2 cun lateral to the midline lateral to CV4, 3 cun below the umbilicus.

ST29 Guilai - 2 cun lateral to the midline lateral to CV3, 4 cun below the umbilicus.

ST30 Qichong - 2 cun lateral to the midline lateral to CV2, level with symphysis pubis.

ST31 Biguan - With the thigh flexed, in the depression lateral to the sartorius muscle, directly inferior to the anterior superior iliac spine (ASIS).

ST32 Futu - 6 cun above the superior lateral border of the patella on line connecting the ASIS.

ST33 Yinshi - 3 cun above the superior lateral border of the patella on line connecting the ASIS found with knee flexed.

ST34 Liangqiu - 2 cun above the superior lateral border of the patella on line connecting the ASIS found with knee flexed.

ST35 Dubi - Below the patella in a depression lateral to the patella ligament found with knee flexed.

ST36 Zusanli - 3 cun below ST35 one finger width lateral from the anterior crest of the tibia, in the tibialis anterior muscle.

ST37 Shangjuxu - 3 cun below ST36 one finger width lateral from the anterior crest of the tibia.

ST38 Tiaokou - 5 cun below ST36 one finger width lateral from the anterior crest of the tibia.

ST39 Xiajuxu - 1 cun below ST38 one finger width lateral from the anterior crest of the tibia.

ST40 Fenglung - 8 cun superior to the tip of the external malleolus, one finger width lateral to ST38.

ST41 Jiezi - On the dorsum of the foot at the midpoint of the transverse crease of the ankle joint, approximately level with the tip of the external malleolus in a depression between the extensor digitorum longus and hallucis longus tendons.

ST42 Chongyang - On the dorsum of the foot, 1.5 cun inferior to ST41, in the depression between the second and third metatarsals and cuneiform bone. Avoid the dorsal artery when needling.

ST43 Xiangu - In a depression distal to the junction of the 2nd and 3rd metatarsal bones.

ST44 Neiting - At the proximal end of the web between the 2nd and 3rd toes in the depression distal and lateral to the 2nd metatarsodigital joint.

ST45 Lidui - 0.1 cun posterior to the corner of nail on the lateral side of the 2nd toe.
Spleen Meridian (SP)
The Foot Greater Yin (Tai Yin) of the Spleen 21 points

The spleen of the Foot-Taiyin starts from the medial aspect of the tip of the big toe. It travels along the medial aspect of the foot at the junction between the red and white skin, ascends anteriorly to the medial malleolus up to the medial aspect of the leg. Passing through the anterior medial aspect of the thigh, it enters the inguinal region traveling along the anterior of the abdomen. It then curves lateral to the midline to the intercostal space up to the 2nd intercostal space. Then turns inferior to midway between the axilla and the free end of the eleventh rib.

**Command Points**
- Water  SP9
- Metal  SP5 Sedation Pt
- Earth  SP3 Horary Pt
- Fire   SP2 Tonification Pt
- Wood  SP1
- Luo    SP4
- Xi-Cleft SP8
- Source SP3

**Spleen - Earth Element**

**Correspondences**
- Color    Yellow
- Flavor   Sweet
- Sense    Mouth
- Emotion  Worry
- Tissue   Muscles
- Climate  Humidity
- Sounds   Singing
- Odor     Fragrant
- Season   Autumn
- Direction Center
**Spleen Meridian (SP)**

**Cardinal Points**
- **SP6**  Lower Abdomen, Sexual Organs, Skin and Parasympathetic Nervous System
- **SP10**  Blood Sugars (diabetes)
- **SP21**  Master Luo point, Whole Body Weakness and Pain

**Point Locations:**

- **SP1 YinBai** - 0.1 cun posterior to the corner of the nail, on the medial side of the great toe.

- **SP2 Dadu** - On medial side of the great toe, distal and inferior to the 1st metatarsophalangeal joint in a depression at the juncture of the red and white skin.

- **SP3 Taibai** - Proximal and inferior to the head of the 1st metatarsal bone in a depression at the junction of the red and white skin.

- **SP4 Gongsun** - In a depression distal and inferior to the 1st metatarsal bone at the junction of the red and white skin.

- **SP5 Shangqui** - In a depression distal and inferior to the medial malleolus, midway between the tuberosity of the navicular bone and the tip of the medial malleolus.

- **SP6 Sanyinjiao** - 3 cun directly above the tip of the medial malleolus on the posterior border of the tibia. Contraindicated to needle during pregnancy.

- **SP7 Lougu** - 6 cun from the tip of the medial malleolus on line connecting tip of medial malleolus and SP9 on the posterior border of the tibia (3 cun above SP6)

- **SP8 Diji** - 3 cun below SP9 on line connecting SP9 and medial malleolus.

- **SP9 Yinlingquan** - On the lower border of the medial condyle of the tibia, in the depression between the posterior border of the tibia and gastrocnemius muscle.

- **SP10 Xuehai** - With the knee in flexion, 2 cun superior to the superior border of the patella, on the bulge of the medial portion of the quadriceps femoris muscle.

- **SP11 Jimen** - 6 cun above SP10 on the line connecting SP12 and SP10.

- **SP12 Chongmen** - 3.5 cun lateral to the midline at CV2, in the inguinal region, on the lateral side of the femoral artery. Avoid femoral artery when needling!

- **SP13 Fushe** - 0.7 cun laterosuperior to SP12 and 4 cun lateral to the anterior midline.

- **SP14 Fujie** - 1.3 cun below SP15 and 4 cun lateral to the anterior midline, on lateral side of rectus abdominis muscle.

- **SP15 Daheng** - 4 cun lateral to the center of the umbilicus, lateral to rectus abdominus muscle.

- **SP16 Fuai** - 3 cun above SP15 and 4 cun lateral to the anterior midline at CV11.

- **SP17 Shidou** - 6 cun lateral to the anterior midline in the 5th intercostal space.

- **SP18 Tianxi** - 6 cun lateral to the anterior midline in the 4th intercostal space.

- **SP19 Xiongxiang** - 6 cun lateral to the anterior midline in the 3rd intercostal space.

- **SP20 Zhourong** - 6 cun lateral to the anterior midline in the 2nd intercostal space.

- **SP21 Dabao** - On the midaxillary line, 6 cun inferior to the anterior axillary crease. Midway between the axilla and the free end of the eleventh rib.
Heart Meridian (HT, HE)
The Hand Lesser Yin (Shao Yin) of the Heart 9 points

The heart channel of the Hand-Shaoyin starts in the center of axilla. From there it goes along the posterior border of the medial aspect of the upper arm. Passing through the cubital region, it descends to the pisiform region proximal to the palm and enters the palm. Then it ends at the medial aspect of the tip of the little finger.
Heart Meridian (HT, HE)
The Hand Lesser Yin (Shao Yin) of the Heart 9 points

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<th>Heart - Fire Element Correspondences</th>
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<td>Metal</td>
<td>HT4</td>
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<tr>
<td>Earth</td>
<td>HT7 Sedation Pt</td>
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<td>Luo</td>
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<td>Xi-Cleft</td>
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Cardinal Points
HT7  Emotions and Anxiety with Palpitations

Point Locations:
HT1 Jiquan - Center of axilla on the medial side of the axillary artery. Avoid axillary artery!

HT2 Qingling - With elbow flexed, the point is found 3 cun above the medial end of the transverse cubital crease in the groove medial to the biceps brachii.

HT3 Shaohai - With elbow flexed, at the medial end of the transverse cubital crease.

HT4 Lingdao - With the palm facing up, the point is found 1.5 cun above the transverse crease of the wrist at HT7.

HT5 Tongli - 1 cun above HT7 on a line connecting HT3 and HT7.

HT6 Yinxi - 0.5 cun above HT7 on a line connecting HT3 and HT7.

HT7 Shenmen - On the ulnar end of the transverse crease of the wrist, in the small depression between the pisiform and ulna bones.

HT8 Shaofu - With a fist made, where the little finger falls between the 4th and 5th metacarpal bones.

HT9 Shaochong - 0.1 cun posterior to the corner of the nail on the radial side of the little finger.

Small Intestine Meridian (SI)
The Hand Greater Yang (Tai Yang) of the Small Intestine 19 points

The small intestine channel of the Hand-Taiyang starts at the ulnar aspect of the tip of the little finger, and travels along the ulnar border of the hand dorsum upward to the posterior border of the lateral aspect of the upper arm. It passes through the cubital region curving around the scapular region. Then turning downward to the supraclavicular fossa and ascends to the neck. Travels up to the cheek going through the outer canthus of the eye, and ends anterior to the tragus of the ear.

Cardinal Points
SI11  Scapula and Shoulder
Small Intestine Meridian (SI)

Command Points
Earth  SI8 Sedation Pt
Fire   SI5 Horary Pt
Wood  SI3 Tonification Pt
Water SI2
Metal SI1
Luo SI7
Xi-Cleft SI6
Source SI4

Small Intestine
Fire Element
Correspondences
Color  Red
Flavor Bitter
Sense  Tongue
Emotion Joy
Tissue Pulse
Climate Heat
Sounds Laughing
Odor  Scorched
Season Summer
Direction South
Small Intestine Meridian (SI)
The Hand Greater Yang (Tai Yang) of the Small Intestine 19 points

Point Locations:

SI1 Shaoze - 0.1 cun posterior to the corner of the nail on the ulnar side of the little finger.

SI2 Qiangu - With a loose fist made the point is found on the ulnar side of the fifth digit, in the depression distal to the metacarpophalangeal joint, at the junction of the red and white skin.

SI3 Houxi - With a loose fist made, in the depression proximal to the head of the fifth metacarpal bone, at the junction of the red and white skin.

SI4 Wangu - On the ulnar edge of the palm, in the depression between the fifth metacarpal bone and the hamate and pisiform bones.

SI5 Yanggu - Near the ulnar end of the transverse wrist crease on the dorsal side of the hand in a depression between the styloid process of the ulna and the triquetral bone.

SI6 Yanglao - On the dorsal side of the wrist, in the bony cleft on the radial side of the styloid process of the ulna.

SI7 Zhizheng - 5 cun above SI5 on a line connecting SI5 and SI8, between the anterior border of the ulna and flexor carpi ulnaris muscle.

SI8 Xiaohai - With elbow flexed, in a depression between the olecranon process of the ulna and the medial epicondyle of the humerus.

SI9 Jianzhen - With arm abducted, 1 cun above the posterior end of the axillary fold, posterior and inferior to the shoulder joint.

SI10 Naoshu - With arm abducted, directly above SI9 in a depression inferior to scapular spine.

SI11 Tianzong - In the depression of the infrascapular fossa, one-third the distance between the lower border of the scapular spine and the inferior angle of the scapula, approximately level with T4 spinous process.

SI12 Bingfeng - Above SI11 in the center of the suprascapular fossa, in a depression when arm is lifted.

SI13 Quyaun - On the medial extremity of the suprascapular fossa, about midway between SI10 and the spinous process of T2.

SI14 Jianwaishu - 3 cun lateral to the lower border of the spinous process of T1 (GV13).

SI15 Jianzhongzhu - 2 cun lateral from the posterior midline below the spinous process of C7 (GV14).

SI16 Tianchuang - On lateral neck posterior to SCM, posterior and superior to LI18 level with the adams apple.

SI17 Tianrong - Posterior to the angle of the mandible in a depression on the anterior border of the SCM.

SI18 Quanliao - Directly below the outer canthus of the eye in a depression on the lower border of the zygoma. Contraindicated to moxabustion!

SI19 Tinggong - Anterior to the tragus and posterior to the condyloid process of the mandible in a depression formed when mouth is opened.
Bladder Meridian (BL, UB)
The Foot Greater Yang (Tai Yang) of the Bladder 67 points

The urinary bladder channel of the Foot-Taiyang originates from the inner canthus of the eye. Passing through the forehead, it flows up to the vertex. It bifurcates above the posterior hairline into two lines. One line runs from the posterior aspect of the neck downward along the medial border of the scapula (3 cun lateral to the back mid-line). Passing through the gluteal region. Another line runs straight downward (1.5 cun lateral to the mid-line of the back) to the lumbar region. From there it descends along the posterior aspect of the thigh to the popliteal fossa. Descending to the posterior aspect of the gastrocnemius muscle and further to the posterior inferior aspect of the lateral malleolus. Ending at lateral posterior side of the tip of the little toe.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Command Points</th>
<th>Bladder - Water Element Correspondences</th>
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<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Earth</td>
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<td>Fire</td>
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<td>Wood</td>
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<td>Metal</td>
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<td>Luo</td>
<td>Luo</td>
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<td>Xi-Cleft</td>
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<tr>
<td>Source</td>
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<th>Bladder - Water Element Correspondences</th>
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<td>Color</td>
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<td>Sense</td>
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<td>Sounds</td>
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<td>Season</td>
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<td>Direction</td>
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</table>

Cardinal Points
BL11 Bones
BL17 Blood and Blood Chemistries
BL54 Low Back, Sacrum and Leg
BL60 Upper Back, Leg and Foot
BL67 Malpositioned Fetus

Point Locations:
BL1 Jingming - 0.1 cun superior to the inner canthus of the eye in a depression.
BL2 Zanzhu - In the supraorbital notch at the medial end of the eyebrow.
BL3 Meichong - 0.5 cun within the anterior hairline directly above BL2 and 0.5 cun lateral to GV24.
BL4 Quchai - 1.5 cun lateral to GV24 and 0.5 cun within the anterior hairline.
BL5 Wuchu - 0.5 cun above BL4 or 1 cun above the anterior hairline and 1.5 cun lateral to GV23.
BL6 Chengguang - 1.5 cun posterior to BL5 and 2.5 cun above the anterior hairline, 1.5 cun lateral to the midline.
Bladder Meridian (BL)
Point Locations:

BL7 Tongtian - 1.5 cun posterior to BL6 and 4 cun above the anterior hairline, 1.5 lateral to the midline.

BL8 Luoque - 1.5 cun posterior to BL7, 1.5 cun lateral to the midline.

BL9 Yuzhen - 1.3 cun lateral to GV17, on the lateral side of the superior border of the external occipital protuberance.

BL10 Tianzhu - 1.3 cun lateral to GV15 and 0.5 cun above the posterior hairline, in a depression on the lateral aspect of the trapezius muscle.

BL11 Dazhu - 1.5 cun lateral to GV13 level with the spinous process of T1. (from the midline to the medial border of the scapula is considered 3 cun)

BL12 Fengmen - 1.5 cun lateral to midline level with the spinous process of T2.

BL13 Feishu - 1.5 cun lateral to GV12 level with the spinous process of T3.

BL14 Jueyinshu - 1.5 cun lateral to midline level with the spinous process of T4.

BL15 Xinshu - 1.5 cun lateral to GV11 level with the spinous process of T5.

BL16 Dushu - 1.5 cun lateral to GV10 level with the spinous process of T6.

BL17 Geshu - 1.5 cun lateral to GV9 level with the spinous process of T7.

BL18 Gan Shu - 1.5 cun lateral to GV8 level with the spinous process of T9.

BL19 Danshu - 1.5 cun lateral to GV7 level with the spinous process of T10.

BL20 Pishu - 1.5 cun lateral to GV6 level with the spinous process of T11.

BL21 Weishu - 1.5 cun lateral to midline level with the spinous process of T12.

BL22 Sanjiaoshu - 1.5 cun lateral to GV5 level with the spinous process of L1.

BL23 Shenshu - 1.5 cun lateral to GV4 level with the spinous process of L2.

BL24 Qihaishu - 1.5 cun lateral to midline level with the spinous process of L3.

BL25 Dachangshu - 1.5 cun lateral to GV3 level with the spinous process of L4.

BL26 Guanyuanshu - 1.5 cun lateral to midline level with the spinous process of L5.

BL27 Xiaochangshu - 1.5 cun lateral to midline level with the first posterior sacral foramen.

BL28 Pangguangshu - 1.5 cun lateral to midline level with the second posterior sacral foramen.

BL29 Zhonglushu - 1.5 cun lateral to midline level with the third posterior sacral foramen.

BL30 Baihuanshu - 1.5 cun lateral to midline level with the fourth posterior sacral foramen.

BL31 Shangliao - In the first posterior sacral foramen.

BL32 Ciliao - In the second posterior sacral foramen.

BL33 Zhongliao - In the third posterior sacral foramen.
BL34 Xiaoliao - In the fourth posterior sacral foramen.

BL35 Huiyang - 0.5 cun lateral to either side of the tip of the coccyx.

BL36 Fufen (AKA BL41) - 3 cun lateral to the midline level with the spinous process of T2 on the spinal border of the scapula.

BL37 Pohu (AKA BL42) - 3 cun lateral to GV12 level with the spinous process of T3 on the spinal border of the scapula.

BL38 Gaohuanshu (AKA BL43) - 3 cun lateral to midline level with the spinous process of T4

BL39 Shentang (AKA BL44) - 3 cun lateral to GV11 level with the spinous process of T5

BL40 Yixi (AKA BL45) - 3 cun lateral to GV10 level with the spinous process of T6

BL41 Geguan (AKA BL46) - 3 cun lateral to GV9 level with the spinous process of T7

BL42 Hunmen (AKA BL47) - 3 cun lateral to GV8 level with the spinous process of T9

BL43 Yanggang (AKA BL48) - 3 cun lateral to GV7 level with the spinous process of T10

BL44 Yishe (AKA BL49) - 3 cun lateral to GV6 level with the spinous process of T11

BL45 Weicang (AKA BL50) - 3 cun lateral to midline level with the spinous process of T12

BL46 Huangmen (AKA BL51) - 3 cun lateral to GV5 level with the spinous process of L1

BL47 Zhishi (AKA BL52) - 3 cun lateral to GV4 level with the spinous process of L2

BL48 Baohuang (AKA BL53) - 3 cun lateral to the midline, at the level of the second sacral foramen.

BL49 Zhibian (AKA BL54) - 3 cun lateral to the midline, at the level of the fourth sacral foramen.

BL50 Chengfu (AKA BL36) - On the posterior side of the thigh at the midpoint of the inferior gluteal crease.

BL51 Yinmen (AKA BL37) - On the posterior thigh, 6 cun inferior to BL50, on a line joining BL50 and BL54.

BL52 Fuxi (AKA BL38) - With the knee in slight flexion, in the popliteal fossa, 1 cun superior to BL53 and on the medial side of biceps femoris tendon

BL53 Weiyang (AKA BL39) - Lateral to BL54 at the popliteal crease and medially to the biceps femoris tendon.

BL54 Weizhong (AKA BL40) - Midpoint of the transverse crease of the popliteal fossa between the biceps femoris and semitendinosus tendons.

BL55 Heyang - 2 cun directly below BL54 between the medial and lateral heads of the gastrocnemius muscle on line connecting BL54 and BL57.

BL56 Chengjin - On the posterior leg, 5 cun inferior to BL54, in the center of the gastrocnemius muscle, along the line connecting BL54 and BL57.

BL57 Chengshan - In a depression below the gastrocnemius muscle, 8 cun inferior to BL54.

BL58 Feiyang - 7 cun above BL60 on the posterior border of the fibula about 1 cun lateral and inferior to BL57.

BL59 Fuyang - 3 cun directly above BL60.
BL60 Kunlun - In a depression between the tip of the lateral malleolus and the Achilles tendon. Contraindicated to needle during pregnancy.

BL61 Pucan - Posterior and inferior to the lateral malleolus, directly below BL60, in a depression on the lateral calcaneus.

BL62 Shenmai - In a depression directly below the lateral malleolus.

BL63 Jinmen - Anterior and inferior to BL62, in the depression posterior to the fifth metatarsal bone.

BL64 Jinggu - Below the tuberosity of the 5th metatarsal bone at the junction of the red and white skin.

BL65 Shugu - Posterior to the head of the 5th metatarsal bone at the junction of the red and white skin.

BL66 Zutonggu - In a depression anterior to the 5th metatarsophalangeal joint.

BL67 Zhiyin - 0.1 cun posterior to the corner of the nail on the lateral side of the small toe. Contraindicated to needle during pregnancy.

**Kidney Meridian (KI)**

*The Foot Lesser Yin (Shao Yin) of the Kidney 27 points*

The kidney channel of the Foot-Shaoyin starts from the interior aspect of the little toe (On the sole of the foot, depending on the text.), and runs through a depression in the lower aspect of the tuberosity of the navicular bone. It travels behind the medial malleolus and encircles the malleolus. Ascending along the medial side of the leg, it passes the medial side of the popliteal fossa and goes further upward along the posterior-medial aspect of the thigh. Traveling to the superior border of the symphysis pubis forming a straight line 0.5 cun from the midline. It ascends diverging at the diaphragm, ending in a depression on lower border of clavicle 2 cun from the midline.

**Point Locations:**

KI1 Yongquan - On the sole of the foot, in a depression when the foot is in plantar flexion at the junction of the anterior 1/3 and posterior 2/3 of line connecting base of 2nd and 3rd toes and the heel.

KI2 Rangu - Anterior and Inferior to the medial malleolus in a depression on the lower border of the tuberosity of the navicular bone.

KI3 Taixi - In depression midway between the tip of the medial malleolus and the attachment of the Achilles tendon, level with the tip of the medial malleolus.

KI4 Dazhong - Posterior and inferior to the medial malleolus in a depression anterior to the medial attachment of the Achilles tendon.

KI5 Shuiquan - 1 cun directly below KI3 in a depression anterior and superior to the medial tuberosity of the calcaneus.

KI6 Zhaohai - In a depression 1 cun below the tip of the medial malleolus.

KI7 Fuliu - 2 cun above KI3 on the anterior border of the Achilles tendon.

KI8 Jiaoxin - 0.5 cun anterior to KI7, 2 cun above KI3, posterior to the medial border of the tibia.

KI9 Zhubin - 5 cun above KI3 on the line drawn from KI3 to KI10 at the lower border of the gastrocnemius muscle.

KI10 Yingu - At the medial side of the popliteal fossa when the knee is flexed, between the tendons of semitendinosus and semimembranosus muscles level with BL54.
Kidney Meridian (KI)

Command Points
Water  KI10 Horary Pt
Metal  KI7 Tonification Pt
Earth  KI3
Fire   KI2
Wood  KI1 Sedation Pt
Luo    KI4
Xi-Cleft  KI5
Source  KI3

Kidney
Water Element
Correspondences
Color    Blue/Black
Flavor   Salty
Sense    Ears
Emotion  Fear
Tissue   Bones
Climate  Cold
Sounds   Groaning
Odor     Putrid
Season   Winter
Direction North

Cardinal Points
KI27  Neurological Confusion, Master Associated Pt.
Point Locations:

KI11 Henggu - At the superior border of the symphysis pubis, 5 cun below CV8, 0.5 cun lateral to CV2. (CV8 is at the center of the umbilicus)

KI12 Dahe - 4 cun below CV8, 0.5 cun lateral to CV3.

KI13 Qixue - 3 cun below CV8, 0.5 cun lateral to CV4.

KI14 Siman - 2 cun below CV8, 0.5 cun lateral to CV5.

KI15 Zhongzhu - 1 cun below CV8, 0.5 cun lateral to CV7.

KI16 Huanshu - 0.5 cun lateral to CV8 at the umbilicus.

KI17 Shangqu - 2 cun above CV8, 0.5 cun lateral to CV10.

KI18 Shiguan - 3 cun above CV8, 0.5 cun lateral to CV11.

KI19 Yindu - 4 cun above CV8, 0.5 cun lateral to CV12.

KI20 Futonggu - 5 cun above CV8, 0.5 cun lateral to CV13.

KI21 Youmen - 6 cun above CV8, 0.5 cun lateral to CV14. Avoid liver when needling!

KI22 Bulang - In 5th intercostal space 2 cun lateral to CV16. Avoid heart when needling!

KI23 Shenfeng - In 4th intercostal space 2 cun lateral to CV17. Avoid heart when needling!

KI24 Lingxu - In 3rd intercostal space 2 cun lateral to CV18. Avoid heart when needling!

KI25 Shencang - In 2nd intercostal space 2 cun lateral to CV19. Avoid heart when needling!

KI26 Yuzhong - In 1st intercostal space 2 cun lateral to CV20.

KI27 Shufu - In depression on lower border of clavicle, 2 cun lateral to the midline.
**Pericardium Meridian (P, PC)**  
**The Hand Terminal Yin (Jue Yin) of the Pericardium 9 points**  
The pericardium channel of the Hand-Jueyin originates in the chest lateral to the nipple. It then ascends to the axillary fossa and runs along the medial aspect of the upper arm, passing through the cubital fossa. It goes further downward to the forearm between the tendons of the m. palmaris longus and m. flexor carpi radialis. It enters the palm and passes along the middle finger to its tip.
Pericardium Meridian (P, PC)
The Hand Terminal Yin (Jue Yin) of the Pericardium 9 points

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Command Points</th>
<th>Pericardium - Fire Element Correspondences</th>
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<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Water</td>
<td>P3</td>
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<tr>
<td>Metal</td>
<td>P5</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Earth</td>
<td>P7 Sedation Pt</td>
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<tr>
<td>Fire</td>
<td>P8 Horary Pt</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Wood</td>
<td>P9 Tonification Pt</td>
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<tr>
<td>Luo</td>
<td>P6</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Xi-Cleft</td>
<td>P4</td>
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<td>Flavor Bitter</td>
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<td>Sense Tongue</td>
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<td>Emotion Joy</td>
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<td>Tissue Pulse</td>
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<td>Climate Heat</td>
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<td>Sounds Laughing</td>
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<td>Odor Scorched</td>
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<td>Season Summer</td>
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<td>Direction South</td>
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Cardinal Points
P6 Chest and Digestion

Point Locations:
P1 Tianchi - 5 cun lateral to the anterior midline or 1 cun lateral to the nipple in the fourth intercostal space. Deep needle not advised.

P2 Tianquan - 2 cun below the anterior axillary fold between the 2 heads of the biceps brachii.

P3 Quze - On the transverse cubital crease, at the ulnar side of the biceps brachii tendon.

P4 Ximen - 5 cun above the transverse crease of the wrist P7, between the palmaris longus and flexor carpi radialis tendons, on the line connecting P3 and P7.

P5 Jianshi - 3 cun above the transverse crease of the wrist P7, between palmaris longus and flexor carpi radialis tendons, on the line connecting P3 and P7.

P6 Neiguan - 2 cun above the transverse crease of the wrist P7, between palmaris longus and flexor carpi radialis tendons, on the line connecting P3 and P7.

P7 Daling - In the middle of the transverse crease of the wrist between palmaris longus and flexor carpi radialis tendons.

P8 Laogong - On the transverse crease of the palm just below where the tip of the middle finger rest when a fist is made. Between the 2nd and 3rd metacarpal bones.

P9 Zhongchong - In the center of the tip of the middle finger. For graphing measurement, 0.1 cun posterior lateral to the corner of the nail.

Triple Warmer (San Jiao) Meridian (TW, TB, SJ)
The Hand Lesser Yang (Shao Yang) of the San Jiao 23 points

The sanjiao channel of the Hand-Shaoyang originates from the tip of the ring finger. It travels upward between the fourth and fifth metacarpal bones and along the dorsal side of the wrist and the lateral side of the forearm between the radius and ulna, it passes through the olecranon. Then it runs along the lateral aspect of the upper arm and reaches the shoulder region. Crossing over the shoulder, it enters the supraclavicular fossa. It then ascends to the neck, running along the posterior border of the ear. It crosses from the superior aspect of the ear to the corner of the forehead. Then it turns downward to the cheek and terminates in the depression at the lateral end of the eyebrow.
Triple Warmer
(San Jiao) Meridian
(TW, TB, SJ)

Command Points
Earth  TW10 Sedation Pt
Fire   TW6 Horary Pt
Wood  TW3 Tonification Pt
Water  TW2
Metal  TW1
Luo    TW5
Xi-Cleft TW7
Source TW4

Triple Warmer
Fire Element
Correspondences
Color  Red
Flavor Bitter
Sense  Tongue
Emotion Joy
Tissue Pulse
Climate Heat
Sounds Laughing
Odor   Scorched
Season Summer
Direction South

Cardinal Points
TW5 Hand, Arm, Neck and Ear
**Triple Warmer (San Jiao) Meridian (TW, TB, SJ)**
The Hand Lesser Yang (Shao Yang) of the San Jiao 23 points

**Point Locations:**

TW1 Guanchong - 0.1 cun posterior to the corner of the nail on the ulnar side of the fourth digit.

TW2 Yemen - 0.5 cun proximal to the margin of the web between the fourth and fifth digit.

TW3 Zhongzhu - With fist clenched, on the dorsum of the hand between the fourth and fifth metacarpal bones in a depression proximal to the fourth metacarpophalangeal joint.

TW4 Yangchi - On the transverse crease of the dorsum of the wrist between the tendons of muscles extensor digitorum and extensor digiti minimi.

TW5 Waiguan - On the dorsum of the forearm, 2 cun above TW4 between the radius and the ulna.

TW6 Zhigou - On the dorsum of the forearm, 3 cun above the TW4 between the radius and the ulna.

TW7 Huizong - One finger width lateral to TW6 on the radial side of the ulna.

TW8 Sanyangluo - On the dorsum of the forearm 4 cun above TW4 between the radius and the ulna.

TW9 Sidu - On the dorsum of the forearm, 5 cun below the olecranon between the radius and the ulna.

TW10 Tianjing - 1 cun superior to the olecranon in a depression formed with the elbow flexed.

TW11 Qinglengyuan - With the elbow flexed, 1 cun above TW10.

TW12 Xiaoluo - 5 cun superior to the olecranon on a line midway between TW10 and TW14.

TW13 Naohui - 3 cun below TW14 on the posterior border of the deltoid muscle, on the line joining the olecranon and TW14.

TW14 Jianliaoz - In the depression posterior and inferior to the acromion process, about 1 cun posterior to LI15.

TW15 Tianliao - Midway between GB21 and SI13 on the superior angle of the scapula.

TW16 Tianyou - Posterior and inferior to the mastoid process, on the posterior border of the SCM muscle and level with BL10.

TW17 Yifeng - Posterior to the lobule of the ear in a depression between the mandible and the mastoid process.

TW18 Qimai - In the center of the mastoid process at the junction of the middle and lower third of the curve formed by TW17 and TW20, posterior to the helix.

TW19 Luxi - Posterior to the ear at the junction of the upper and middle third of the curve formed by TW17 and TW20, posterior to the helix.

TW20 Jiaosun - Directly above the ear apex just above the hairline.

TW21 Ermen - With the mouth open, in the depression anterior to the supratragic notch and posterior to the mandibular condylar process.

TW22 Erheliao - Anterior and superior to TW21, level with the root of the auricle on the posterior border of the hairline of the temple where the superficial temporal artery passes. Avoid artery when needling!

TW23 Sizhukong - In the depression at the lateral end of the eyebrow.
Gallbladder Meridian (GB)

Command Points
Earth  GB34
Fire   GB38 Sedation Pt
Wood  GB41 Horary Pt
Water GB43 Tonification Pt
Metal GB44
Luo   GB37
Xi-Cleft GB36
Source GB40

Gallbladder
Wood Element
Correspondences
Color  Green
Flavor Sour
Sense Eyes
Emotion Anger
Tissue Tendons
Climate Wind
Sounds Shouting
Odor Rancid
Season Spring
Direction East
Gall Bladder Meridian (GB)
The Foot Lesser Yang (Shao Yang) of the Gall bladder 44 points

The gall bladder channel of the Foot-Shaoyang starts from the outer canthus of the eye, and descends to the anterior aspect of the ear. Then ascends to the corner of the forehead, and then winds downward posterior to the ear. Then arches forward to the forehead at the midpoint of the eyebrow. It then runs above the hairline to the lateral side of the neck. Travels highest point of the trapezius muscle. From there it further descends to the axilla and enters the chest. It then travels inferiorly in the hypochondriac region, emerging at the lateral side of the lower abdomen near the femoral artery in the inguinal region. Then it curves along the margin of the public hair and runs transversely into the hip region. It then travels downward along the lateral side of thigh to the lateral side of the knee. Further descending along the anterior aspect of the fibula, it reaches the lower end of the fibula, and the anterior aspect of the lateral malleolus. Following the dorsum of the foot, it terminates at the lateral side of the fourth toe's tip.

Cardinal Points
GB20  All Cerebral Disorders
GB34  Muscles and Tendons
GB39  Bone Marrow

Point Locations:

GB1 Tongziliao - 0.5 cun lateral to the outer canthus of the eye in a depression on the lateral side of the orbit.

GB2 Tinghui - Anterior to the intertragic notch at the posterior border of the condyloid process of the mandible with the mouth open.

GB3 Shangguan - Anterior to the ear, in the depression directly above ST7 on the upper border of the zygomatic arch.

GB4 Hanyan - Within the hairline at the junction of the upper 1/4 and lower 3/4 distance between ST8 and GB7.

GB5 Xuanlu - Within the hairline midway between ST8 and GB7.

GB6 Xuanli - Within the hairline at the junction of the lower 1/4 and upper 3/4 distance between ST8 and GB7.

GB7 Qubin - Within the hairline, anterior and superior to the auricle, about 1 cun anterior to TW20.

GB8 Shuaigu - Superior to the apex of the auricle, 1.5 cun within the hairline.

GB9 Tianchong - 0.5 cun posterior to GB8, 2 cun within the hairline directly above the posterior border of the auricle.

GB10 Fubai - Posterior and superior to the mastoid process at the junction of the middle 1/3 and upper 1/3 of the curve between GB9 and GB12.

GB11 Touqiaoyin - Posterior and superior to the mastoid process at the junction of the middle 1/3 and lower 1/3 of the curve between GB9 and GB12.

GB12 Wangu - In the depression posterior and inferior to the mastoid process.

GB13 Benshen - 0.5 cun within the hairline on the forehead, 3 cun lateral to GV4. Midway between ST8 and BL4.

GB14 Yangbai - On the forehead directly above the pupil, 1 cun above the midpoint of the eyebrow.

GB15 Toulinqi - Directly above GB14, within the hairline, midway between GV24 and ST8.

GB16 Muchuang - 1.5 cun posterior to GB15, 2 cun above the hairline and 2.25 cun lateral to GV22.

GB17 Zhengying - 1.5 cun posterior to GB16, 3.5 cun above the hairline and 2.25 cun lateral to GV21.

GB18 Chengling - 1.5 cun posterior to GB17, 5 cun above the hairline and 2.25 cun lateral to GV20.
GB19 Naokong - At the upper border of the external occipital protuberance, 2.5 cun lateral and level to GV17. Directly above GB20.

GB20 Fengchi - In the depression created between the origins of the Sternocleidomastoid and Trapezius muscles, at the junction of the occipital and nuchal regions. Lateral and level with GV16.

GB21 Jianjing - Midway between the spinous process of C7 (GV14) and the acromion process at the highest point of the trapezius muscle.

GB22 Yuanye - With the arm raised, 3 cun below the axilla on the midline in the 4th intercostal space, below HT1.

GB23 Zhejin - 1 cun anterior to GB22 in the 4th intercostal space, level with the nipple.

GB24 Riyue - Directly below the nipple in the 7th intercostal space, inferior to LV14.

GB25 Jingmen - On the lateral side of the abdomen, at the lower border of the free end of the 12th rib.

GB26 Daimai - Directly below LV13 at the free end of the 11th rib level with the umbilicus (CV8).

GB27 Wushu - On the lateral side of the abdomen, anterior to the ASIS, 3 cun below the level of umbilicus, lateral to CV4.

GB28 Weidao - Anterior and inferior to the ASIS, 0.5 cun anterior and inferior to GB27.

GB29 Juliao - In a depression at the midpoint between the ASIS and the greater trochanter of the femur. Indications: Cystitis, Diarrhea, Endometriosis, Leg Pain, Leg Paralysis, Lumbar Pain, Orchitis, Paralysis, Sciatica.

GB30 Huantiao - At the junction of the lateral 1/3 and medial 2/3 of the distance between the greater trochanter and the hiatus of the sacrum (GV2).

GB31 Fengshi - 7 cun above the transverse popliteal crease on the lateral midline of thigh, where the tip of the middle finger touches when the patient is standing and hands are at their sides.

GB32 Zhongdu - At the lateral side of the thigh 5 cun above the transverse popliteal crease between vastus lateralis and biceps femoris muscles, 2 cun below GB31.

GB33 Xiyangguan - On the lateral side of the thigh 3 cun above the transverse popliteal crease in a depression superior and posterior to the lateral condyle of the femur, between the femur and the tendon of biceps femoris.

GB34 Yanglingquan - In a depression anterior and inferior to the head of the fibula.

GB35 Yangjiao - 7 cun above the tip of the lateral malleous on the posterior border of the fibula.

GB36 Waiqui - 7 cun above the tip of the lateral malleous on the anterior border of the fibula.

GB37 Guangming - 5 cun above the tip of the lateral malleous on the anterior border of the fibula.

GB38 Yangfu - 4 cun above and slightly anterior to the tip of the lateral malleous on the anterior border of the fibula.

GB39 Xuanzhong - 3 cun above the tip of the lateral malleous in a depression between the posterior border of the fibula and the tendons of peroneous longus and brevis muscles.

GB40 Qiuxu - Anterior and inferior to the lateral malleous in a depression on the lateral side of the extensor digitorum longus tendon.

GB41 Zulinqi - On the dorsum of the foot, in the depression between the fourth and fifth metatarsal bones.
GB42 Diwuhui - Posterior to the 4th metatarsophalangeal joint between the fourth and fifth metatarsal bones, on the medial side of the tendon of extensor digiti minimi.

GB43 Xiaxi - On the dorsum of the foot between the fourth and fifth metatarsals 0.5 cun proximal to the margin of the web at the junction of the red and white skin.

GB44 Zuqiaoyin - 0.1 cun posterior to the corner of the nail on the lateral side of the fourth toe.

**Liver Meridian (LV)**

**The Foot Terminal Yin (Jue Yin) of the Liver 14 points**

The liver channel of the Foot-Jueyin originates on the lateral side of the great toe. Ascending along the dorsum of the foot, it flows further upward to the anterior aspect of the medial malleolus. Then it runs upward to the medial side of the knee and along the medial aspect of the thigh into the pubic region. From there it curves around the external genitalia and crosses the midline up to the lower abdomen. Ending directly below the nipple.

**Cardinal Points**

LV2   Lymphatics
LV3   Nervous System, Blood Pressure
LV13  Yin Organs

**Point Locations:**

LV1 Dadun - On the lateral side of the great toe, 0.1 cun from the corner of the nail.

LV2 Xingjian - On dorsum of the foot between the 1st and 2nd toes, proximal to the margin of the web at the junction of the red and white skin.

LV3 Taichong - On dorsum of the foot in a depression distal to the junction of the 1st and 2nd metatarsal bones.

LV4 Zhongfeng - 1 cun anterior to the medial malleolus, midway between SP5 and ST41, in a depression on the medial side of the tendon of tibialis anterior.

LV5 Ligou - 5 cun above the tip of the medial malleolus on the medial side of the tibia.

LV6 Zhongdu - 7 cun above the tip of the medial malleolus and posterior to the medial tibia.

LV7 Xiguan - 1 cun posterior to SP9, posterior and inferior to the medial condyle of the tibia in the upper portion of the medial head of the gastrocnemius muscle. In the depression of the medial border of the tibia.

LV8 Ququan - When the knee is flexed, the point is found above the medial end of the transverse popliteal crease, posterior to the medial epicondyle of the tibia in a depression on the anterior border of the insertions of the semimembranous and semitendineous muscles.

LV9 Yinbao - 4 cun above the medial epicondyle of the femur, between vastus medialis and sartorius muscles.

LV10 Zuwuli - 3 cun below ST30 at the proximal end of the thigh on the lateral border of adductor longus muscle.

LV11 Yinlian - 2 cun below ST30, 2 cun from the midline at the proximal end of the thigh and on the lateral border of adductor longus muscle.

LV12 Jimai - 2.5 cun lateral and inferior to the superior border of the pubic symphysis. In the inguinal groove lateral and inferior to ST30.

LV13 Zhangmen - On the lateral side of the abdomen below the free end of the 11th rib.

LV14 Qimen - Directly below the nipple, 4 cun lateral to the midline in the 6th intercostal groove.
Liver Meridian (LI)

Command Points
Water  LV8 Tonification Pt
Metal  LV4
Earth  LV3
Fire   LV2 Sedation Pt
Wood  LV1 Horary Pt
Luo   LV5
Xi-Cleft LV6
Source LV3

Liver - Wood Element
Correspondences
Color  Green
Flavor Sour
Sense  Eyes
Emotion Anger
Tissue Tendons
Climate Wind
Sounds Shouting
Odor  Rancid
Season Spring
Direction East
Conception Vessel Meridian (CV, Ren)
The Directing Channel has 24 points

The Ren channel starts on the midline between the anus and the scrotum in males. Between the anus and the posterior labial commissure in females. It ascends anteriorly to the public region. Along the midline of the abdomen, it flows upward reaches the throat. Flowing further upward, it ends in the depression in the center of the mentolabial groove.

Cardinal Points
CV5 Endocrine System
CV6 Lower Abdomen, Sexual Organs and Increase Energy.
CV12 Upper Abdomen, Yang Organs.
CV17 Chest, Center of Respiration.

Point Locations:
CV1 Huiyin - On the midline between the anus and the scrotum in males. Between the anus and the posterior labial commissure in females.
CV2 Qugu - On top of the notch in the center of the superior border of the pubic symphysis.
CV3 Zhongji - 1 cun above CV2, on the midline, 4 cun inferior to the umbilicus.
CV4 Guanyuan - On the midline, 3 cun inferior to the umbilicus.
CV5 Shimen - On the midline, 2 cun inferior to the umbilicus.
CV6 Qihai - On the midline, 1.5 cun inferior to the umbilicus.
CV7 Yinjiao - On the midline, 1 cun inferior to the umbilicus.
CV8 Shenque - In the center of the umbilicus.
CV9 Shuifen - On the midline, 1 cun superior to the umbilicus.
CV10 Xiawan - On the midline, 2 cun superior to the umbilicus.
CV11 Jianliao - On the midline, 3 cun superior to the umbilicus.
CV12 Zhongwan - On the midline, 4 cun superior to the umbilicus.
CV13 Shangwan - On the midline, 5 cun superior to the umbilicus.
CV14 Juque - On the midline, 6 cun superior to the umbilicus.
CV15 Jiuwei - On the midline, 7 cun superior to the umbilicus and inferior to the xiphoid process.
CV16 Zhongting - On the midline level with the 5th intercostal space at the sternocostal angle.
CV17 Shanzhong - On the midline level with the 4th intercostal space midway between the nipples.
CV18 Yutang - On the midline level with the 3rd intercostal space.
CV19 Zigong - On the midline level with the 2nd intercostal space.
CV20 Huagai - On the midline level with the 1st intercostal space.
CV21 Xuanji - On the manubrium midline, 1 cun below CV22
CV22 Tiantu - 0.5 cun superior to the suprasternal notch, in the center of the depression.
CV23 Lianquan - On the midline, in the depression superior to the hyoid bone.

CV24 Chengjiang - In the depression in the center of the mentolabial groove, below the middle of the lower lip.

Conception Vessel Meridian (CV, Ren)
Governi
ging Vessel (GV, DU)
**Governing Vessel (GV, DU)**

The Governing Channel has 28 points

The Du channel starts midway between the tip of the coccyx bone and the anus with patient lying prone. It then flows upward inside the spinal column to the nape of the neck, and ascends to the vertex. Along the forehead, it descends to the nose bridge, then to the lips. Ending at the labial frenulum inside the upper lip.

**Cardinal Points**
GV4 Immune System
GV14 General Excess (Energy)
GV20 Skin, Sympathetic Nervous System, Memory, Mental and Cerebral Disorders.
GV26 Unconsciousness, Obesity

**Point Locations:**
GV1 Changqiang - Midway between the tip of the coccyx bone and the anus with patient lying prone.
GV2 Yaoshu - In the sacral hiatus.
GV3 Yaoyangguan - Below the spinous process of L4
GV4 Mingmen - Below the spinous process of L2
GV5 Xuanshu - Below the spinous process of L1
GV6 Jizhong - Below the spinous process of T11
GV7 Zhongshu - Below the spinous process of T10
GV8 Jinsuo - Below the spinous process of T9
GV9 Zhiyang - Below the spinous process of T7
GV10 Lingtai - Below the spinous process of T6
GV11 Shendao - Below the spinous process of T5
GV12 Shenzhu - Below the spinous process of T3
GV13 Taodao - Below the spinous process of T1
GV14 Dazhui - Below the spinous process of C7
GV15 Yamen - 0.5 cun above the midpoint of the posterior hairline in a depression below the spinous process of C1
GV16 Fengfu - 1 cun directly above the midpoint of the posterior hairline directly below the external occipital protuberance. In the depression between the trapezius muscles of both sides.
GV17 Naohu - Midway between GV16 and GV18, 1.5 cun above GV16
GV18 Qiangjian - Midway between GV16 and GV20, 1.5 cun above GV17
GV19 Houding - 5.5 cun above the midpoint of the posterior hairline. Midway between GV18 and GV20, 1.5 cun above GV18
GV20 Baihui - 7 cun above the midpoint of the posterior hairline, 5 cun above midpoint of anterior hairline, midway on a line connecting the apex of both ears.
GV21 Qianling - 1.5 cun anterior to GV20. Midway between GV20 and GV22
GV22 Xinhui - 2 cun posterior to the anterior hairline, 3 cun anterior to GV20

GV23 Shangxing - 1 cun posterior to the anterior hairline, 0.5 cun posterior to GV24

GV24 Shenting - 0.5 cun above the midpoint of the anterior hairline.

GV25 Suliao - On tip of nose

GV26 Renzhong - At junction of the upper and middle third of philtrum.

GV27 Duiduan - At junction of upper lip and philtrum.

GV28 Yinjiao - At junction of gum and frenulum of upper lip.